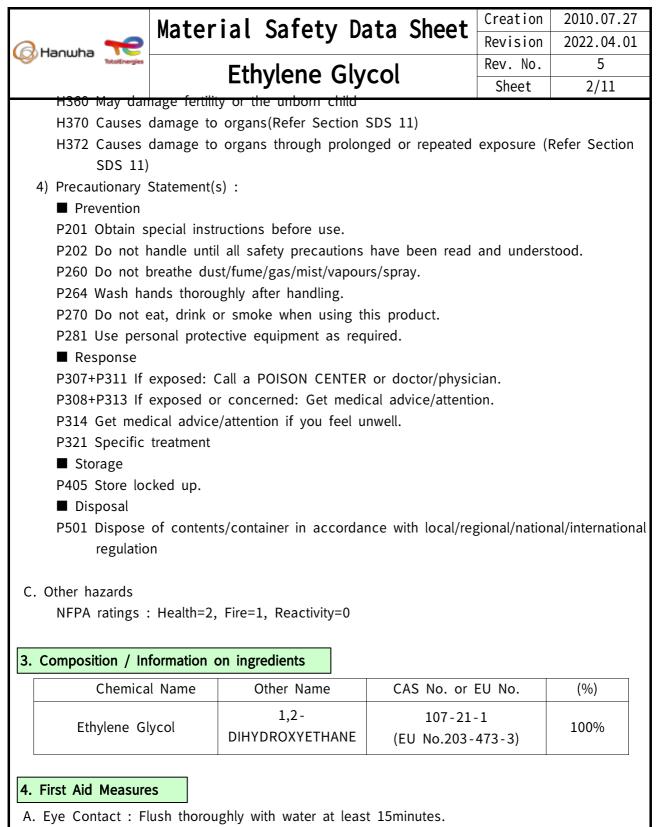
	Natorial Safat	v Data	Shoo	▲ Creation	2010.07.27
🕼 Hanwha 🔫	Material Safet	y Dala		Revision	2022.04.01
TotalEnergies	Ethylene	Glyco		Rev. No.	5
	Enrytene	Giyeo		Sheet	1/11
1. Chemical Product	t & Company Identification				
A. Product Name :	Ethylene Glycol				
B. Intended Use : Polyester textile, antifreezing solution, manufacture of urethane, Unsaturated polyester					2,
C. Manufacturer/Su 1) Manufacturer :	oplier :				
Hanwha TotalEr	nergies Petrochemicals Co.	,Ltd			
	Ro, Daesan-Eup, Seosan-S	-			
Telephon	e 82-41-660-6415	F a	x 82	2-41-660-663	7
 2) Supplier : (Product information: 041-660-6180) Hanwha TotalEnergies Petrochemicals Co.,Ltd 17~20F Hanwha Finance Plaza, 92, Sejong-daero, Jung-gu, Seoul 04525, Korea 					ea
Telephon	e 82-2-3415-9363	F a	x 82	2-2-3415-937	0
 2. Hazard Identification A. Hazard Category : Physicochemical Hazards - Not Classified Health Hazards - Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B Specific target organ toxicity(Single exposure) : Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity(Repeated exposure) : Category 1 3) Environmental Hazards - Not Classified B. Precautionary Statement(s) & Warning Label Symbol : 2) Signal Word : Danger 					
2) Signal Word : 3) Hazard Statem	-				



Get medical assistance.

Do not rub your eyes.

	Intorial	Safaty Data	Shoot	Creation	2010.07.27
🕼 Hanwha 🔫	Malerial	Safety Data	Sheet	Revision	2022.04.01
TotalEnergies	E+b	ylene Glycol		Rev. No.	5
		as with soap and wate		Sheet	3/11
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical aid if irritation develops and persists. Wash clothing before reuse. Flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wear gloves when washing the patient, and please avoid contact with contaminated clothing.					moving
 C. Inhalation : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing give artificial respiration. Get medical aid. When exposed to large amounts of steam and mist, move to fresh air. 					h air.
 D. Ingestion : Potential for aspiration if swallowed. Get medical aid immediately. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward. Rinse your mouth with water immediately. 					
 E. Likely Acute or Delayed Symptoms/Effects : Inhalation Short term exposure : irritation, sleepiness, headache, dizziness, blood disorder Long term exposure : irritation, headache 2) Skin contact Short term exposure : vomiting, gastralgia, headache, dizziness, sleepiness, hallucination, convulsions, coma, allergic reaction 					
 Long term exposure : irritation, allergic reaction 3) Eye contact Short term exposure : irritation Long term exposure : Not available 4) Ingestion Short term exposure : vomiting, gastralgia, headache, dizziness, sleepiness, hallucination, convulsions, coma Long term exposure : kidney trouble 					
	ctions, correct	hysician for dehydration and s y IV (intravenously))		-	

M	to all Cofette Data Chart	Creation	2010.07.27
	aterial Safety Data Sheet	Revision	2022.04.01
Hanwha TotolEnergies	Ethylana Chycal	Rev. No.	5
	Ethylene Glycol	Sheet	4/11
	y IV as an antidote to inhibit the ormation of		
	sonnel of contaminated situations and have the	nem take ap	propriate
protective measure			
ii exposed of com	cerned, get medical attention/advice.		
5. Fire Fighting Measure			
A. Extinguishing media			
1) Suitable extinguish			
	am, dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide		
2) Unsuitable extingui			
	ter jet for extinguishing		
	e) : Do use extinguishing media with water s	oray or fog.	
B. Unusual fire & Explo	sion hazard :		
1) Hazardous combus	stion product : Carbon oxides		
	(carbon monoxide (CO), carbon	dioxide (Co	O2))
2) Fire & Explosion h	azard : Slightly flammable to flammable in pre	-	
	and sparks, of heat. Non-flammable i	-	
	Heating may cause expansion or dec	omposition l	eading to
	violent rupture of containers.		un la nive
	Mists containing combustible materials Contains low boiling substance: Close	-	-
	due to pressure buildup under fire co		s may rupture
	due to pressure buildup under me co		
C. Special fire fighting	procedure / protection of firefighters :		
Wear self-contained	d breathing apparatus and protective clothing	to prevent c	ontact with
skin and eyes.			
	ely in case of rising sound from venting safety	/ devices or	discoloration
of tank.			
-	I and water devices in case of large fire and	leave alone	to burn if you
do not imperative.	weeks with a second continue by some decade		
Do not access if the	materials or combustion by-products.		
	tinguishing measure suitable for surrounding fi	re	
••••	rned at distant ignition sources can be spread		
	eans available, spillage from entering drains or		se.
	as a fine spray to control fire and cool adja		
	containers suspected to be hot.		

		Creation	2010.07.27	
	Material Safety Data Sheet	Revision	2022.04.01	
Hanwha TotalEnergies		Rev. No.	5	
	Ethylene Glycol	Sheet	5/11	
6. Accidental Release	Measures			
A. Personal precaution	ns :			
Shut off all source	es of ignition.			
Wear self-contain	ed breathing apparatus.			
	paces before entering.			
	led material. Stop leak if you can do it without			
-	aged containers or spilled material after wearing	g protective	equipment.	
	er at spill or source of leak.	10 A		
Keep unautionzed	d people away,isolate hazard area and deny ent	ry.		
B. Environmental prec	autions :			
1) atmosphere relea				
2) soil release :				
Prevent runoff ar	nd contact with waterways, drains or sewers.			
-	have been spilled, inform the relevant authoritie	es.		
3) underwater releas	se : Not available			
C. Spill cleanup meth	ods ·			
	: Use a non-combustible material like sand to	soak up the	product and	
,	place into a container for later disposal.			
	Stay upwind and keep out of low areas. Dike	for later dis	sposal.	
	Notification to central government, local gover	rnment. Whe	en emissions at	
	least of the standard amount			
	Dispose of waste in accordance with local re	0		
2) Large spillages :	Appropriate container for disposal of spilled n			
 Large spillages : sand or other non-combustible material, please let use absorption. Wipe off the solvent. 				
	Dike for later disposal.			
	Spilled material should be treated as a potentia	l risk of wa	ste collected.	
7. Handling and Stora	ge			
A. Handling : Keep av	way from heat. Keep away from sources of igni	tion. Empty	containers	
pose a	fire risk, evaporate the residue under a fume h	ood.		
	all equipment containing material. Do not inges	st. Do not b	reathe gas/	
	vapor/spray. Wear suitable protective clothing.			
-	ted, seek medical advice	f	1	
	ately and show the container or the label. Keep s oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis.	away from	incompatibles	
Such as				

		Creation	2010.07.27	
	Material Safety Data Sheet	Revision	2022.04.01	
Hanwha TotolEnergies	Ethylopa Chycal	Rev. No.	5	
	Ethylene Glycol	Sheet	6/11	
 Sneet 6/11 Compty with all applicable laws and regulations for handling Dealing only with a well-ventilated place. Do not inhale the steam prolonged or repeated. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. B. Storage : Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Save applicable laws and regulations. Do not apply any physical shock to container. Please pay attention to incompatibilities materials and conditions to avoid. 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection A. Exposure limit value : 1) ACGIH : 				
 2) OSHA : Not available B. Engineering control : Adequate ventilation(localize ventilation) should be provided in workplaces. Use non sparking tools. A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures above the Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. The use of local exhaust ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source. C. Personal protective equipment Respiratory protection : Prevent inhalation of the solvents. If required to control exposure, use only suitable respirators and 				
	components tested and approved under standards such as NIOSH. Under conditions of frequent use or heav protection may be needed. Respiratory protection is ranked in order maximum. Consider warning properties before use. Any chemical cartridge respirator with org Any chemical cartridge respirator with a	y exposure, from minimi ganic vapor	Respiratory um to cartridge(s).	

	Material Safety Data Sheet	Creation	2010.07.27
Hanwha 💦	-	Revision Rev. No.	2022.04.01 5
	Ethylene Glycol	Sheet	7/11
	Any air-purifying respirator with a full fa vapor canister. For Unknown Concentration or Immediat Health : Any supplied-air respirator with operated in a pressure-demand or other combination with a separate escape sup breathing apparatus with a full facepiece - Wear approved chemical safety glasses or gog is reasonably probable. Eye wash fountain is recommended. n - Wear protective gloves. Butyl rubber gloves a	ely Dangerou full facepied positive-pro ply. Any sel ggles where	us to Life or ce and essure mode in f-contained eye exposure
-	rotection - Wear protective cloths.		
 B. Odor : Odorless C. Odor Threshold D. pH : Not availab E. Melting point/Free F. Boiling point/ran G. Flash point : 11 H. Evaporation rate I. Flammability (soli J. Flammability Limit K. Vapor pressure : L. Solubility in wate M. Vapor density(Ait N. Specific gravity O. Partition Coeffic P. Auto-ignition ter 	<pre>ical state, color etc.) : Colorless liquid : Not available le ezing point : -12°C ge : 198°C 1°C(c.c) : Not available d, liquid): Not available t (lower/upper) : 3.2~15.3% 0.05mmHg(@20°C) r : Soluble r=1) : 2.14 : 1.1088 ent(n-Octanol/water) : Not available nperature : 398°C position : Not available @15°C</pre>		

Natarial Safaty Data Sh		Creation	2010.07.27
🔞 Hanwha 🔫 Material Safety Data She	eet	Revision	2022.04.01
TotalEnergies		Rev. No.	5
B. Possibility of hazardous reacEthylene Glycplted		Sheet	8/11
C. Conditions to avoid : Ignition source, excess heat, flame,			
 D. Incompatible material : Oxidizing agents, acid, metal, alkalies. Glycols and their ethers undergo violent decomposition in co acid. This seems likely to involve formation of the glycol per of ethers) which are explosive, those of ethylene glycol and being more powerful than glyceryl nitrate, and the former so on addition of water. 	rchlorat 3 - chlo	e esters (a pro-1,2-pro	after scission opanediol
E. Hazardous decomposition products : Hydrocarbon compound monoxide (CO), carbon			(carbon
11. Toxicological Information			
A. Route of exposure			
1) Inhalation : Not available			
2) Ingestion : Not available			
3) Skin contact : Not available			
4) Eye contact : Not available			
B. Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects fron	n short	and long	term exposure
1) Acute toxicity :			
- Oral : LD50 = 4000 mg/kg Rat			
- Dermal : LD50 = 10600 mg/kg Rabbit			
- Inhalation : Not available			
2) Skin corrosion/irritation : Mild irritant in a study conducting	t with r	abbit and	guines nig
 3) Serious eye damage/irritation : Short-term exposure by eye rabbits caused irritation of conju permenant damage of cornea. 4) Respiratory sensitization : Not available 	e irritar	nt test cond	ducting with
5) Skin sensitization : No sensitization (human)			
6) Carcinogenicity :			
- MOL Notice : Not available			
- OSHA : Not available			
- NTP : Not available			
- IARC(GROUP) : Not available			
- ACGIH : A4			

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Creation
                                                                                 2010.07.27
                    Material Safety Data Sheet
                                                                     Revision
                                                                                 2022.04.01
🙆 Hanwha <del>, 7</del>
                                                                     Rev. No.
                                                                                      5
                               Ethylene Glycol
      - EC : Not available
                                                                       Sheet
                                                                                    9/11
   7) Germ cell mutagenicity :
      - dominant lethal assay in a albino rat : Negative,
      - Microorganism AMES test : -
      - chromosomal aberration test : Negative
      - Micronucleus Test : Negative
  8) Reproductive toxicity :
     It was observed on effects(deformity, ossification) of fetal animal as a result of continous
     cross-fertilization test and teratogenic test in volume without toxicity for a mother's mouse
  9) STOT-single exposure :
     It was shown about disability awareness, convulsions and confused condition and was
     observed urea nitrogen, increase in creatinine and uric acid, albuminuria and hematuria
     and pulmonary congestion in blood.
  10) STOT-repeated exposure :
     It was observed about loss of consciousness, ophthalmodonesis, a slight headache and
     backache and irritation of upper airway. It was observed about inflammatory change for a
     lung and heart to animal testing.
  11) Aspiration hazard : Not available
12. Ecological Information
A. Ecotoxicity :
  1) Fishes : LC50 = 8050 mg/\ell 96 hr Pimephales promelas
  2) Crustacea : LC50 = 41100 mg/ℓ 48 hr Daphnia magna
  3) Seaweeds : EC50 = 6500 ~ 13000 mg/ℓ 96 hr Selenastrum capricornutum
 B. Persistence and Degradability :
  1) Persistence : \log Kow = -1.93
  2) Degradabiltiy : BOD = 0.78 COD = 1.19 BOD = 5/COD = = 0.66
 C. Bioaccumulation potential :
   1) Biodegration : Biodegradability = 89 (%) 20 day
  2) Bioaccumulation : BCF = 200
 D. Mobility in soil : Not available
 E. Hazardous to the ozone layer: Not classified
 F. Other adverse effects : Not available
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